ORIGINAL

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

BELINDA E. RICHARD,)	Case No.: CV '09-0123-AC
Plaintiff,)	
)	COMPLAINT FOR
v.)	BREACH OF CONTRACT, WRONGFUL
)	FORECLOSURE AND DECLARATORY
)	RELIEF
DEUTSCHE BANK NATIONAL TRUST)	
COMPANY, a Delaware corporation,)	
and REGIONAL TRUSTEE SERVICES)	
CORPORATION, a Washington State)	
corporation, and BARCLAYS)	
CAPITAL REAL ESTATE, Inc. dba)	(JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)
HomeEQ SERVICING a Delaware)	
corporation.)	
)	
Defendants.)	

For a Complaint, Plaintiff, Belinda E. Richard, alleges:

JURISDICTION

 This is an action for Declaratory Relief to declare the Trustee's sale of Plaintiff's home null and void. Jurisdiction is under diversity, 28 USC §1332

PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff is a resident of Washington County, State of Oregon.
- 3. Defendant Deutsche Bank is a Delaware corporation doing business in Oregon as a

Page 1 COMPLAINT

25075

Trustee or Banking entity that acquires Mortgages for the purposes of collecting sums owed thereon and foreclosing on them.

- 4. Defendant Regional Trustee Services is a Washington State Corporation doing business in Oregon as a Debt Collector attempting to collect debts secured by mortgages.
- 5. Defendant, Barclays Capital Real Estate, Inc. Is a Delaware corporation doing business in Oregon as a Debt collector and servicer of mortgages on behalf of itself and others. Barclays claims an interest in the Deed of Trust and was acting as an agent for and at the request of Deutsche Bank.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. This court has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the claims herein pursuant to 28 USC § 1332.
- 7. The conduct of Defendants occurred within the state of Oregon.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. On or about June 9, 2005, Plaintiff, as Grantor, gave a note to Meritage Mortgage Corporation along with a Deed of Trust to secure the loan with a security interest in Plaintiff's home located at 3711 NW Banf Drive, Portland, Oregon with the following legal description:

Lot 71, BOSA No. 2 in the County of Washington, State of Oregon

Stewart Title was the named Trustee under the Deed of Trust. A true copy of the Deed of Trust is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

- 9. The Deed of Trust recites that the Deed of Trust secures to Lender the repayment of the loan and also states that MERS is the Beneficiary solely as nominee of Lender.
- 10. On or about May 21, 2007 a document was recorded that purported to be an assignment of the Deed of Trust to Defendant Deutsche Bank. The document was not signed by Meritage

Mortgage nor by anyone on behalf of Meritage Mortgage. The purported assignment states that it was signed on May 11, 2007 in North Carolina on behalf of MERS as Nominee for its Successors and Assigns. A copy of the assignment of the Deed of Trust is attached hereto as Exhibit 2.

- 11. On information and belief, the person who signed the assignment of the Deed of Trust was not an officer of MERS or otherwise authorized to sign on its behalf.
- 12. Also on May 21, 2007, a document was recorded purporting to appoint a substitute trustee under the Deed of Trust and empowered with authority to foreclose Plaintiff's home. That document was also dated May 11, 2007 and indicated that it was signed in Minnesota "Deutsche Bank National Trust Company as Trustee by Fidelity National Foreclosure & Bankruptcy Solutions as Attorney-in-Fact for Barclays Capital Real Estate, Inc. DBA HomeEq Servicing". The party purporting to sign on behalf of Deutsche Bank National Trust Company signed her name as Laura Hescott Supervisor of Fidelity National Foreclosure & Bankruptcy Solutions as Attorney-in-Fact for Barclays Capital Real Estate, Inc. DBA HomeEq Servicing. The assignment did not identify or specify any particular trust under which Deutsche Bank was acting as a trustee.
- 13. On or about May 2007 Deutsche Bank hire or appointed Barclays to act as a servicer of the mortgage to act as Deutsche Bank's agent for purposes of billing and collecting the mortgage.
- 14. On or about May 11, 2007 Fidelity National Foreclosure and Bankruptcy Solutions acting as attorney in fact for Barclays Capital Real Estate, Inc., hereinafter Barclays, executed an appointment of successor trustee on behalf of Deutsche Bank purporting to appoint Regional, as the new trustee under the Deed of Trust. The appointment of successor trustee was recorded on May 21, 2007 in the Washington County Deed Records and a copy of that document is attached

hereto as Exhibit 3.

- 15. On or about April 11, 2008, Regional purported to act as the Trustee by executing a Notice of Default and Election to Sell Plaintiff's property and recording the document in the Washington County Deed records.
- 16. On or about April 17, 2008, Regional caused a Notice of Sale to be mailed to Plaintiff recorded a Notice of Default and Election to sell Plaintiff's home.
- 17. In August, 2008, Barclays, doing business as HomeEq entered into a forbearance agreement with Plaintiff whereby Plaintiff agreed to make monthly payments on the mortgage in the amount of \$3,342.89 beginning on August 8, 2008. Plaintiff made all of the payments under the forbearance agreement through October 8, 2008. All the payments were made by electronic funds transfer (EFT). On October 9, 2008 and without notice to Plaintiff, HomeEq returned Plaintiff's October payment of \$3,342.82 by EFT.
- 18. Without any notice to Plaintiff, Regional held a foreclosure sale and sold the property to Deutsche Bank and now is attempting evict Plaintiff from her home.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF DECLARATORY RELIEF (Against ALL Defendants)

- 19. Plaintiff realleges Paragraphs 1-18 herein.
- 20. Plaintiff contends that the purported foreclosure sale held by Regional conveying the property to Deutsche Bank is void on the following grounds:
 - 1. The mortgage is not a Deed of Trust in compliance with ORS 86.705 86.795 and may not be foreclosed by a non-judicial foreclosure. Because it purports to name MERS as a beneficiary in addition to the lender who was the facial and factual beneficiary under the loan secured by the mortgage.

- 2. Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust and lacked the authority to record the Deed of Trust because Plaintiff was not in default.
- 3. Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because its appointment as successor trustee is invalid having been signed by Fidelity National Foreclosures and Bankruptcy Solutions on behalf of Barclays, not on behalf of the recorded beneficiary under the Deed of Trust.
- Fidelity was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because the assignment of the Deed of Trust was insufficient to assign the Deed of Trust and the Notes on behalf of statutory beneficiary under the Deed of Trust, i.e. Meritage Mortgage Corporation.
- 5. Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because the Notice of Default and Election to Sell failed to state the name of the beneficiary under the Deed of Trust as required by ORS 86.740 and 86.745.
- On information and belief Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because all of the assignments of the beneficial interest in the Deed of Trust were not recorded before the recording of the Notice of Default as required under ORS 86.735.
- 7. On information and belief Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because Deutsche Bank was not the holder of the Note and Deed of Trust at the time that the election to sell the property was recorded.
- 8. Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because the Deutsche Bank through Barclays modified the terms of loan and accepted payments under that modification requiring that the foreclosure be canceled.
- 9. Regional was not entitled to foreclose the Deed of Trust because the sale was

held on a date that was noticed ir properly scheduled as required under ORS 86.755.

- 21. Defendants contend that the foreclosure sale held by Regional was a valid and bonafide sale vesting title in Deutsche Bank.
- 22. A judicable controversy exists and the court should determine the rights of the parties by declaring the purported foreclosure sale as void.
- 23. Plaintiff lacks an adequate remedy at law and the court should issue a temporary and preliminary injunction against Deutsche Bank and those acting through Deutsche Bank from taking any action to interfere with Plaintiff's right of possession of her property.
- 24. The court should award Plaintiff her reasonable attorney fees incurred herein pursuant to the terms of the Deed of Trust and ORS 20.096.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Breach of Contract Against Deutsche Bank and Barclays)

- 25. Plaintiff realleges the allegations in Paragraphs 1-24 herein.
- 26. Under the terms of the Deed of Trust and the Promissory Note the beneficiary and the trustee are only entitled to commence and complete a non-judicial foreclosure of Plaintiff's property in accordance with Oregon's Non-Judicial Foreclosure law and only if Plaintiff was in default.
- 27. Deutsche Bank and Barclays breached its contract with Plaintiff as described above causing her to incur damages by way of attorney fees for stopping Defendants from taking possession of her property and injury to Plaintiff's reputation as it was foreseeable that if Defendants completed a foreclosure Plaintiff's reputation and credit would be injured in an amount of not less than \$50,000.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF Slander of Title

- 28. Plaintiff realleges Paragraphs 1-24 herein.
- 29. The actions of Deutsche Bank and Barclays have slandered and encumbered Plaintiff's property to her detriment, causing her damages of not less than \$75,000.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Action to Remove Cloud on Title)

- 30. Plaintiff realleges Paragraphs 1-24 herein.
- 31. The Deed from Deutsche Bank and the documents recorded against Plaintiff's title creates a cloud on Plaintiff's title and the court should declare an order that the cloud be removed.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Wrongful Foreclosure)

- 32. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1-24 above.
- 33. Defendants Deutsche Bank and Barclays have wrongfully foreclosed Plaintiff's property causing Plaintiff injury in the form of reputation damages of not less than \$50,000 and emotional distress in the form of embarrassment, humiliation, anger and frustration in an amount not less than \$100,000.
- 34. **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL-** Plaintiff demands a jury trial.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for a Judgment as follows:

- First Claim for Relief declaring that the purported foreclosure of Plaintiff's
 property is void and providing Plaintiff with a temporary and preliminary injunction enjoining
 Defendants, and each of them, from taking any acts to take possession of Plaintiff's property
 during the pendency of this action and such other equitable relief that the Court deems necessary;
- 2. Second Claim for Relief, awarding Plaintiff a judgment in the amount of \$50,000 in non-economic damages, plus an additional amount for reasonable attorney fees incurred to stop

Page 8 of 33

Defendants from taking possession of the property;

- 3. Third Claim for Relief, awarding Plaintiff \$75,000 in damages;
- Fourth Claim for Relief, voiding or removing any Deed or other Document purporting to grant any of the defendants feet title to Plaintiff's property;
- Fifth Claim for Relief, money damages against Deutsche Bank and Barclays in the amount not less than 150,000 in general damages and \$500,000 in punitive damages.
- Awarding Plaintiff's costs and attorney fees incurred herein to be assesses against
 Barclays and Deutsche Bank.

Dated this 284 day of January, 2009.

Terrance J. Slominski, OSB# 81376

Attorney for Plaintiff Trial Attorney: Same 6

Stewart 7AN/200502146-NJ

Until a change is requested all tax statements shall be sent to the following address.

BELINDA F. RICHARD

3711 NORTHWEST BANFF DRIVE

PORTLAND, OR 97229

WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO MERITAGE MORTGAGE CORPORATION 9710 TWO NOTCH ROAD COLUMBIA, SC 29223 Was ...ton County, Oregon 06/15/2005 01:42:52 PM

2005-067712

D-M Cris=1 Stn=3 T EAKIN \$110.00 \$5.00 \$11.00 - Total = \$127.00



I, Jerry Hanson, Director of Assessment and Taxation and Ex-Officio County Clerk for Washington County, Oregon, do hereby certify that the within instrument of writing was received and recorded in the book of records of said county.

ds of said county.

R. Hanson, Director of Assessment and Taxation,
Ex-Officia County Clark

TAX ACCOUNT NUMBER R2055627

-[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]-

DEED OF TRUST

Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. (MERS) is the Grantee of this Security Instrument
Loan Number: 1000221850 MIN 100110710002218500

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated June 09, 2005 together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is

BELINDA F. RICHARD, AN ESTATE IN FEE SIMPLE

Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.
(C) "Lender" is
MERITAGE MORTGAGE CORPORATION
Lender is a AN OREGON CORPORATION
organized and existing under the laws of OREGON

OREGON-Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT WITH MERS

Form 3038 1/01

MP-6A(OR) (0201)

Page 1 of 15

Initials:

VMP MORTGAGE FORMS - (800)621-729

DDS-60R



Ex / p-/



Lender's address is 6000 SOUTHWEST MEADOWS ROLAKE OSWEGO, OR 97035 (D) "Trustee" is STEWART TITLE (E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lenunder this Security Instrument. MERS is organ address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, (F) "Note" means the promissory note signed by The Note states that Borrower owes Lender Three	on Systems, Inc. ider's successors nized and existing Flint, MI 48501 Borrower and dat	and assigns. MERS is under the laws of Dela -2026, tel. (888) 679-M ed June 09, 2005	s the beneficiary aware, and has an IERS.
(U.S. \$345,000.00) plus interest. Payments and to pay the debt in full not later that (G) "Property" means the property that is described in Froperty." (H) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Normal due under the Note, and all sums due under this State (I) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security I Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check both	n July 01, 2035 ribed below under te, plus interest, a Security Instrument instrument that ar	r the heading "Transfer any prepayment charges nt, plus interest.	r of Rights in the
X Adjustable Rate Rider Condominium I Balloon Rider X Planned Unit D VA Rider Biweekly Paym	evelopment Rider	Second Home Rid 1-4 Family Rider Other(s) [specify]	
(J) "Applicable Law" means all controlling ordinances and administrative rules and orders (non-appealable judicial opinions. (K) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and charges that are imposed on Borrower or the association or similar organization. (L) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to or credit an account. Such term includes, but it machine transactions, transfers initiated by to transfers. (M) "Escrow Items" means those items that are of (N) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any comp by any third party (other than insurance proceed damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnativalue and/or condition of the Property. (O) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance prothe Loan. (P) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly sch Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of the	Assessments" me Property by a transfer of funds, th is initiated thr order, instruct, on s not limited to, elephone, wire t described in Section ensation, settlement s paid under the of condemnation of ion; or (iv) misre precing Lender and meduled amount described amount des	ans all dues, fees, asset condominium association other than a transaction of an electronic term authorize a financial in point-of-sale transfers, ransfers, and automation 3. Ent, award of damages, coverages described in 3 are other taking of all or presentations of, or omegainst the nonpayment of the for (i) principal and ment.	ssments and other ion, homeowners ion originated by minal, telephonic nstitution to debit automated teller ed clearinghouse or proceeds paid Section 5) for: (i) r any part of the hissions as to, the of, or default on,
-6A(OR) (0201) DDS-6OR	Page 2 of 15	Initials:	Form 3038 1/01

EX 1 A.2



(Q) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(R) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and the successors and assigns of MERS. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the WASHINGTON County of

[Type of Recording Jurisdiction]

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

LOT 71, BOSA NO. 2, IN THE COUNTY OF WASHINGTON AND STATE OF OREGON.

which currently has the address of

3711 NORTHWEST BANFF DRIVE PORTLAND

("Property Address"):

[Street] [City], Oregon 97229 [Zip Code]

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

WAD-6A(OR) (0201)

Initials:

Form 3038 1/01



BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community







Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the





Form 3038 1/01



lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with

DOS-60R

Page 6 of 15

Form 3038 1/01



the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

- 6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.
- 7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

- 8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
- 9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable





attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

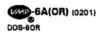
10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.





Form 3038 1/01



(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds: Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby

assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with

the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property

immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums

secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender

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Form 3038 1/01

Initials:

EXI

to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

DDS-80R

Page 10 of 15

Initials: Form 3038 1/01

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to

take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

- 19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.
- 20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA





Form 3038 1/01



requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

DDS-60R

Page 12 of 15

Form 3038 1/01



NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall execute or cause Trustee to execute a written notice of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold and shall cause such notice to be recorded in each county in which any part of the Property is located. Lender or Trustee shall give notice of sale in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law to Borrower and to other persons prescribed by Applicable Law. After the time required by Applicable Law, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of all or any parcel of the Property by public announcement at the time and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it.

- 23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge such person or persons a fee for reconveying the Property, but only if the fee is paid to a third party (such as the Trustee) for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.
- 24. Substitute Trustee. Lender may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.
- 25. Attorneys' Fees. As used in this Security Instrument and in the Note, attorneys' fees shall include those awarded by an appellate court.
- 26. Protective Advances. This Security Instrument secures any advances Lender, at its discretion, may make under Section 9 of this Security Instrument to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument.

27. Required Evidence of Property Insurance.

WARNING

Unless you provide us with evidence of the insurance coverage as required by our contract or loan agreement, we may purchase insurance at your expense to protect our interest. This insurance may, but need not, also protect your interest. If the collateral becomes damaged, the coverage we purchase may not pay any claim you make or any claim made against you. You may later cancel this coverage by providing evidence that you have obtained property coverage elsewhere.

DDS-60R (OR) (0201)

Page 13 of 15

Initials: Form 3038 1/01



You are responsible for the cost of any insurance purchased by us. The cost of this insurance may be added to your contract or loan balance. If the cost is added to your contract or loan balance, the interest rate on the underlying contract or loan will apply to this added amount. The effective date of coverage may be the date your prior coverage lapsed or the date you failed to provide proof of coverage.

The coverage we purchase may be considerably more expensive than insurance you can obtain on your own and may not satisfy any need for property damage coverage or any mandatory liability insurance requirements imposed by Applicable Law.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Witnesses:	
	Belinda & Richard BELINDA & RICHARD
	(Seal) -Borrower
(Seal) -Borrower	(Seal) -Borrower
(Seal) -Borrower	(Seal) -Borrower
(Seal)	(Seal)



STATE OF OREGON, Washington County ss:
On this OH day of June, 2005, personally appeared the above named

and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his/her/their voluntary act and deed.

My Commission Expires: 9-4-06

Before me:

(Official Seal)

6A(OR) (0201)

OFFICIAL SEAL NARDA JONES COMMISSION NO. 360899 NY COMMISSION EXPRES SEPTEMBER 4, 2006

Initials:

EXI P.15



PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER

Loan Number: 1000221850

THIS PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER is made this June. 2005

, and is incorporated into and shall be

deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to

MERITAGE MORTGAGE CORPORATION.

AN OREGON CORPORATION

(the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

> 3711 NORTHWEST BANFF DRIVE PORTLAND, OR 97229 [Property Address]

The Property includes, but is not limited to, a parcel of land improved with a dwelling, together with other such parcels and certain common areas and facilities, as described in

THE DECLARATION OF COVENANTS, CONDITIONS, AND RESTRICTIONS. (the "Declaration"). The Property is a part of a planned unit development known as

BETHANY

[Name of Planned Unit Development]

(the "PUD"). The Property also includes Borrower's interest in the homeowners association or equivalent entity owning or managing the common areas and facilities of the PUD (the "Owners Association") and the uses, benefits and proceeds of Borrower's interest.

PUD COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. PUD Obligations. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under the PUD's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the (i) Declaration; (ii) articles of incorporation, trust instrument or any equivalent document which creates the Owners Association; and (iii) any by-laws or other rules or regulations of the Owners Association. Borrower shall promptly pay, when due, all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent Documents.

MULTISTATE PUD RIDER - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3150 1/01

Page 1 of 3

Initials:

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VMP Mortgage Solutions, Inc. (800)521-7291

DDS-C07





B. Property Insurance. So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy insuring the Property which is satisfactory to Lender and which provides insurance coverage in the amounts (including deductible levels), for the periods, and against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards, including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance, then: (i) Lender waives the provision in Section 3 for the Periodic Payment to Lender of the yearly premium installments for property insurance on the Property; and (ii) Borrower's obligation under Section 5 to maintain property insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.

What Lender requires as a condition of this waiver can change during the term of the loan.

Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required property insurance coverage provided by the master or blanket policy.

In the event of a distribution of property insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property, or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Lender shall apply the proceeds to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

- C. Public Liability Insurance. Borrower shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure that the Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of coverage to Lender.
- D. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, payable to Borrower in connection with any condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property or the common areas and facilities of the PUD, or for any conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instrument as provided in Section 11.
- **E. Lender's Prior Consent.** Borrower shall not, except after notice to Lender and with Lender's prior written consent, either partition or subdivide the Property or consent to: (i) the abandonment or termination of the PUD, except for abandonment or termination required by law in the case of substantial destruction by fire or other casualty or in the case of a taking by condemnation or eminent domain; (ii) any amendment to any provision of the "Constituent Documents" if the provision is for the express benefit of Lender; (iii) termination of professional management and assumption of self-management of the Owners Association; or (iv) any action which would have the effect of rendering the public liability insurance coverage maintained by the Owners Association unacceptable to Lender.
- **F. Remedies.** If Borrower does not pay PUD dues and assessments when due, then Lender may pay them. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph F shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by the Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

OMP-7R (0411) DDS-C07

Page 2 of 3

Initials: Form 3150 1/01



BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this PUD Rider.

(Seal	Bellinda F. RICHARD E.
(Seal	(Seal) -Borrower
(Seal)	(Seal) -Borrower
(Seal	(Seal)

7R (0411) DDS-C07

Page 3 of 3

Form 3150 1/01



ADJUSTABLE RATE RIDER

(LIBOR Six-Month Index (As Published In The Wall Street Journal) - Rate Caps)

Loan Number: 1000221850

MIN: 100110710002218500

THIS ADJUSTABLE RATE RIDER is made this 9th day of June, 2005

and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned ("Borrower") to secure Borrower's Adjustable Rate Note (the "Note") to

MERITAGE MORTGAGE CORPORATION.

AN OREGON CORPORATION

("Lender") of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

> 3711 NORTHWEST BANFF DRIVE PORTLAND, OR 97229 [Property Address]

THE NOTE CONTAINS PROVISIONS ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN THE INTEREST RATE AND THE MONTHLY PAYMENT. THE NOTE LIMITS THE AMOUNT BORROWER'S INTEREST RATE CAN CHANGE AT ANY ONE TIME AND THE MAXIMUM RATE BORROWER MUST PAY.

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. INTEREST RATE AND MONTHLY PAYMENT CHANGES

The Note provides for an initial interest rate of 6.340%. The Note provides for changes in the interest rate and the monthly payments, as follows:

4. INTEREST RATE AND MONTHLY PAYMENT CHANGES

(A) Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the first day of July, 2007 and on that day every 6th month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called a "Change Date."

MULTISTATE ADJUSTABLE RATE RIDER-LIBOR SIX-MONTH INDEX (AS PUBLISHED IN THE WALL STREET JOURNAL) -Single Femily-Fannie Mae Uniform Instrument

WP-838R (0006)

Form 3138 1/01

Page 1 of 4

Initials:

VMP MORTGAGE FORMS - (800)521-7291

DDS-M38



(B) The Index

Beginning with the first Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an Index. The "Index" is the average of interbank offered rates for six month U.S. dollar-denominated deposits in the London market ("LIBOR"), as published in *The Wall Street Journal*. The most recent Index figure available as of the first business day of the month immediately preceding the month in which the Change Date occurs is called the "Current Index."

If the Index is no longer available, the Note Holder will choose a new index that is based upon comparable information. The Note Holder will give me notice of this choice.

(C) Calculation of Changes

Before each Change Date, the Note Holder will calculate my new interest rate by adding FIVE AND 340/1000 percentage points

(5.340 %) to the Current Index. The Note Holder will then round the result of this addition to the nearest one-eighth of one percentage point (0.125%). Subject to the limits stated in Section 4(D) below, this rounded amount will be my new interest rate until the next Change Date.

The Note Holder will then determine the amount of the monthly payment that would be sufficient to repay the unpaid principal that I am expected to owe at the Change Date in full on the Maturity Date at my new interest rate in substantially equal payments. The result of this calculation will be the new amount of my monthly payment.

(D) Limits on Interest Rate Changes

The interest rate I am required to pay at the first Change Date will not be greater than 9.340 % or less than 6.340 %. Thereafter, my interest rate will never be increased or decreased on any single Change Date by more than

ONE AND ONE HALF

(
1.500 %) from the rate of interest I have been paying for the preceding 6

months. My interest rate will never be greater than

13.340 %, or less than 6.340 %.

(E) Effective Date of Changes

My new interest rate will become effective on each Change Date. I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment beginning on the first monthly payment date after the Change Date until the amount of my monthly payment changes again.

(F) Notice of Changes

The Note Holder will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in my interest rate and the amount of my monthly payment before the effective date of any change. The notice will include information required by law to be given to me and also the title and telephone number of a person who will answer any question I may have regarding the notice.

-838R (0006)

Page 2 of 4

Initials:

Form 3138 1/01



B. TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN BORROWER

Uniform Covenant 18 of the Security Instrument is amended to read as follows:

Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law. Lender also shall not exercise this option if: (a) Borrower causes to be submitted to Lender information required by Lender to evaluate the intended transferee as if a new loan were being made to the transferee; and (b) Lender reasonably determines that Lender's security will not be impaired by the loan assumption and that the risk of a breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument is acceptable to Lender.

To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Lender may charge a reasonable fee as a condition to Lender's consent to the loan assumption. Lender also may require the transferee to sign an assumption agreement that is acceptable to Lender and that obligates the transferee to keep all the promises and agreements made in the Note and in this Security Instrument. Borrower will continue to be obligated under the Note and this Security Instrument unless Lender releases Borrower in writing.

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

Initials:

P-838R (0006) DDS-M38

Page 3 of 4



BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Adjustable Rate Rider. (Seal) -Borrower -Borrower (Scal) (Seal) -Borrower -Borrower (Seal) (Seal) -Borrower -Borrower (Seal) (Seal) -Borrower -Borrower DDS-M38

Page 4 of 4

EX1 A. 22

Form 3138 1/01



When recorded, mail to:

HOMEQ SERVICING CORPORATION

Attn: MARQUES ROBERTSON 701 CORPORATE CENTER DRIVE

MC: NC4743

DC EE 27-14

FIDELITY NATIONAL TITLE CO.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27607

Trustee's Sale No: 09-FMS-46197

FMS461970009000000

ASSIGNMENT OF DEED OF TRUST

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned, MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AS NOMINEE FOR ITS SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS, by these presents, grants, bargains, sells, assigns, transfers and sets over unto Deutsche Bank National Trust Company as Trustee, all beneficial interest under that certain Deed of Trust dated 6/9/2005, and executed by BELINDA E RICHARD, AN ESTATE IN FEE. SIMPLE, as Grantor, to STEWART TITLE, as Trustee, and recorded on 6/15/2005, under Auditor's File No. 2005-067712, of WASHINGTON County, State of OREGON, and covering property more fully described on said Deed of Trust referred to herein.

Together with the Note or Notes therein described or referred to, the money due and to become due therein with interest, and all rights accrued or to accrue under said Deed of Trust.

Dated: 05-11-07

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AS NOMINEE FOR ITS SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

Tanya Mitchell-Allen

Name

Title

STATE OF VC COUNTY OF UIAKE

, before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the State of duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared

Tanya Mitchell-Allen to me known to be the

Vice President , the corporation that executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged the said instrument to be the free and voluntary act and deed of said corporation, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned, and on oath stated that he/she is authorized to execute the said instrument and that the seal affixed is the corporate seal of said corporation.

1

Assn

WITNESS my hand and official seal hereto affixed the day and year first above written.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for the State of residing at:

My commission expires:

LONA J. HUNT

NOTARY PUBLIC

Wake County, North Carolina

My Commission Expires December 17, 2011

2

Assn

Ex2 A.2

, the corporation that executed the foregoing instrument as Attorney in Eact for Deutsche Bank National Trust Company as Trustee, and acknowledged the said instrument to be the free and voluntary act and deed of said corporation, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned, and on oath stated that he/she/it was authorized to execute the said instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal hereto affixed the day and year first above written.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for the State , residing at:

My commission expires:

